DAN AUGSBURGER THE GOD-ARRANGED MARRIAGE

2	for you!
3	• a. You don't waste your time trying potential partners
4	ahead of time.
5	• b. Don't waste time with someone God never had in
6	mind for you.
7	• c. Don't waste emotional resources on someone who
8	isn't for you.
9	• d. To protect yourself from temptation.
10	• e. Godly courting is God's plan.
11	2. Four things to consider with godly counselors
12	a. Does God want you to be married?
13	• i Marriage is something that will influence and affect
14	your life both in this world and in the world to come.
15	A sincere Christian will not advance his plans in this
16	direction without the knowledge that God approves his
17 18	course. He will not want to choose for himself, but will feel that God must choose for him. We are not to
18 19	please ourselves, for Christ pleased not Himself. I
20	would not be understood to mean that anyone is to
	marry one whom he does not love. This would be sin.
22	But fancy and the emotional nature must not be
21 22 23 24	allowed to lead on to ruin. God requires the whole
24	heart, the supreme affections. {AH 43.3}
25	b. Are you prepared to be married?
26	i Are you old enough?
27	• (1) Attachments formed in childhood have often
28	resulted in very wretched unions or in disgraceful
29	separations. Early connections, if formed without
30 31	the consent of parents, have seldom proved happy.
32	The young affections should be restrained until the period arrives when sufficient age and experience
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33	will make it honorable and safe to unfetter them.
34 35	Those who will not be restrained will be in danger
	of dragging out an unhappy existence. {AH 79.3}
36 37	A youth not out of his teens is a poor judge of the
38	fitness of a person as young as himself to be his companion for life. {AH 79.4}
39	• (2) Man isn't an adult until 22-24; woman 21-23
40	ii Is there appropriate spiritual knowledge
41	• (1) Knowledge of word.
42	• (2) Knowledge of SOP
43	• (3) Can you prevail in prayer?
44	iii Has a complete surrender been made to God
45	• (1) Died to self and come to point of only wanting
46	what God wants.
47	• (2) Accepted the narrow way.
48	• (3) You can't be ready if you haven't made such a
49	surrender!
50	iv Is there spiritual and personal maturity?
51	• (1) Have you put away childish attitudes.
52	(2) Are you ready to take adult responsibilities?
53	• (a) Has been pointed out that the teen years are
54	when young people want to have adult privileges
55	without any of the responsibilities
56	• (b) When a young man is allowed adult
57	privileges, he has little to no incentive to prepare
58	for marriage.
59	(3) Is there mature judgment?
60	• (a) Young people are sent to school by their
61 62	parents to obtain an education, not to flirt with
63	the opposite sex. The good of society, as well as the highest interest of the students, demands that
64	they shall not attempt to select a life partner
65	while their own character is yet undeveloped,
66	their judgment immature, and while they are at
67	the same time deprived of parental care and
68	guidance. {FE 62.2}
69	(4) Are you willing to listen to counsel from
70	others?
71	• (a) Unwillingness is a huge red flag.
72	• (5) Are you willing to submit to those in authority?

v Has there been the practical preparation?

• (1) Before assuming the responsibilities involved in marriage, young men and young women should have such an experience in practical life as will prepare them for its duties and its burdens. {LYL 19.1}

Since both men and women have a part in homemaking, boys as well as girls should gain a knowledge of household duties. To make a bed and put a room in order, to wash dishes, to prepare a meal, to wash and repair his own clothing, is a training that need not make any boy less manly; it will make him happier and more useful. {LYL 19.2}

vi Is schooling completed?

 • (1) The infatuation on the part of both young men and women in thus placing the affections upon each other during school days shows a lack of good judgment. As in your own case, blind impulse controls reason and judgment. Under this bewitching delusion the momentous responsibility felt by every sincere Christian is laid aside, spirituality dies, and the judgment and eternity lose their awful significance. {5T 110.1}

vii Is there financial preparation?

(1) In early times custom required the bridegroom, before the ratification of a marriage engagement. to pay a sum of money or its equivalent in other property, according to his circumstances, to the father of his wife. This was regarded as a safeguard to the marriage relation. Fathers did not think it safe to trust the happiness of their daughters to men who had not made provision for the support of a family. If they had not sufficient thrift and energy to manage business and acquire cattle or lands, it was feared that their life would prove worthless. But provision was made to test those who had nothing to pay for a wife. They were permitted to labor for the father whose daughter they loved, the length of time being regulated by the value of the dowry required. When the suitor was faithful in his services, and

115 proved in other respects worthy, he obtained the daughter as his wife; and generally the dowry 116 which the father had received was given her at her 117 marriage. . . . {AH 92.1} 118 119 c. Is this the time that God is wanting you to be 120 married. 121 i Are you willing to accept God's timing? 122 (1) The good of society, as well as the highest 123 interest of the students, demands that they shall not 124 attempt to select a life partner while their own 125 character is yet undeveloped, their judgment 126 immature, and while they are at the same time 127 deprived of parental care and guidance. {FE 62.2} ii Is it the right time so far as your education goes? 128 129 (1) Before persons are admitted to our mission 130 training-schools, let there be a written agreement 131 that after receiving their education they will give 132 themselves to the work for a specified time. This is 133 the only way our missions can be made what they should be. Let those who connect themselves with 134 135 the missions be straightforward, and take hold of 136 the work in a business-like manner. Those who are controlled by a sense of duty, who daily seek 137 138 wisdom and help from God, will act intelligently. 139 not from selfish motives, but from the love of Christ and the truth. Such will not hesitate to give 140 141 themselves unreservedly, soul, body, and spirit, to 142 the work. They will study, work, and pray for its 143 advancement. I repeat, Do not enter into a 144 marriage engagement unless there are good and 145 sufficient reasons for this step,--unless the work of God can be better advanced thereby. For Christ's 146 147 sake deny inclination, lift the cross, and do the work for which you are educating yourselves. 148 149 {PH048 28.3} d. Are you aware of your calling? 150 i Hard to seek a partner when you are not sure how 151 152 God has called you. 153 3. Some quotes from Ellen White 154 a. For Him

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i Pr 31

156 ii Here are things which should be considered: Will the one you marry bring happiness to your home? Is 157 158 [she] an economist, or will she, if married, not only 159 use all her own earnings, but all of yours to gratify a vanity, a love of appearance? Are her principles 160 161 correct in this direction? Has she anything now to 162 depend upon? . . . I know that to the mind of a man infatuated with love and thoughts of marriage these 163 questions will be brushed away as though they were 164 of no consequence. But these things should be duly 165 considered, for they have a bearing upon your future 166 167 life. . . . {AH 46.2} In your choice of a wife study her character. Will she 168 169 be one who will be patient and painstaking? Or will she cease to care for your mother and father at the 170 171 very time when they need a strong son to lean upon? 172 And will she withdraw him from their society to carry out her plans and to suit her own pleasure, and leave 173 174 the father and mother who, instead of gaining an 175 affectionate daughter, will have lost a son? {AH 46.3} 176 b. For both of them 177 i Weigh every sentiment, and watch every 178 development of character in the one with whom you 179 think to link your life destiny. The step you are about to take is one of the most important in your life, and 180 181 should not be taken hastily. While you may love, do 182 not love blindly. {AH 45.1} 183 Examine carefully to see if your married life would be 184 happy or inharmonious and wretched. Let the questions be raised, Will this union help me 185 186 heavenward? Will it increase my love for God? And 187 will it enlarge my sphere of usefulness in this life? If these reflections present no drawback, then in the fear 188 of God move forward. {AH 45.2} 189 Most men and women have acted in entering the 190 191 marriage relation as though the only question for them 192 to settle was whether they loved each other. But they should realize that a responsibility rests upon them in 193 194 the marriage relation farther than this. They should

consider whether their offspring will possess physical

health and mental and moral strength. But few have

moved with high motives and with elevated

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198 considerations which they could not lightly throw off-199 -that society had claims upon them, that the weight of 200 their family's influence would tell in the upward or 201 downward scale. {AH 45.3} 202 4. Dan's List (With Practical Additions) 203 a. The First three must be ves, otherwise don't even 204 consider courting! 205 a. Are you of sufficient physical and emotional 206 maturity to make such a decision. An 18 year old, 207 for example, is going to change quite a bit in the next 208 four years and doesn't even know what he or she will 209 be like at the age of 22. What seemed perfect at 18, 210 may seem awful four years later. It is best if a considerable portion of your university experience has 211 212 been completed before you get into serious 213 discussions with a person of the opposite sex about 214 marriage, for the university experience will greatly 215 broaden your views of life and greatly augment your 216 intellectual and emotional maturity. As a result it is 217 only later that you can properly evaluate a potential marriage partner. For some people it may need to be 218 219 even later. When in doubt it is always better to delay. 220 b. Are you of sufficient spiritual maturity to make 221 a decision. If you have not fully surrendered your life 222 to God, you probably won't ask God to lead you in 223 this, or at the very least you will evaluate on the basis 224 of human criteria instead of using Biblical criteria. If 225 vou have not surrendered your life to God, you are 226 NOT ready to consider the "marriage" decision. 227 c. Do you know God's purpose for your life? Do 228 you know what kind of work He is calling you to? 229 Until you can answer this question, it is will be very 230 hard to know WHO God may be calling you to marry. 231 Someone has said there are two great questions in life: 232 (1). Where you want to go in life (for the Christian, 233 this would be God's calling in your life), and (2). Who 234 do you want to go there with (note the right person 235 will be an individual who is wanting, or at least 236 sincerely willing, to go on the same journey you feel 237 called to). IF you can answer the "where" question,

the "who" question is far easier to answer. Too many

people answer the "who" question before they answer

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240 the "where" question. This can cause much frustration and sadness later. In my own mind, the great purpose 241 242 in life is to know Jesus, to surrender to Him, and to 243 devote one's life to serving Him. Many attend church, but they haven't seen that their lives belong to God. 244 245 For the person who recognizes that he or she belongs 246 to God, it is important to marry someone who similarly recognizes God's ownership. 247 248 2. The next three should also be "ves," otherwise don't 249 go forward. 250 a. To what degree will this union help you 251 heavenward? 252 b. To what degree will it increase your love for 253 God? 254 c. To what degree will it enlarge your sphere of usefulness in this life? 255 256 3. Then continue forward 257 a. To what degree do you feel that God has 258 specifically led the two of you together to serve 259 Him unitedly in your marriage. In this respect what Muller says about knowing God's will is very 260 261 important. What specific things can you point to that 262 clearly demonstrate that God has chosen a particular person for you? God is the BEST matchmaker. Hold 263 264 out for His choice! 265 b. Are you both Christians? Don't even consider marriage with someone who is not a Christian. You 266 267 may not care today, but you will eventually in most 268 cases, and the saddest people I know are the ones who didn't care ahead of time, but later changed their 269 mind, and found themselves in very unhappy 270 271 marriages. The person should also be a member of 272 your own denomination. If not, have them study what you believe BEFORE you get married. A prior strong 273 274 relationship with the Lord and with the church is a 275 major strength for the future relationship. 276 c. How close are you in lifestyle? The way you spend 277 your time and money are important to consider. 278 Granted marriage was given to help overcome 279 selfishness, however trend lines in this regard are 280 worth considering. 281 d. Can the person admit when they have made

mistakes and ask forgiveness. One would assume that Christians could easily say "I am sorry," and "forgive me," words which are magical in a relationship, but the reality is otherwise. It is hard being married to someone who cannot—or will not—ask forgiveness. Asking forgiveness is often learned through example at home growing up. A deficit in this area will bring significant challenges to your marriage.

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- e. Are there similar energy levels. Some people are like the energy bunny, others need quite a bit of rest. Both groups include fine people, but significant differences in energy can challenge the relationship. Ambitions should also be similar, or at least compatible.
- f. What are the family dynamics on each side? Can the families celebrate the union? If the family refuses to celebrate the union, are there valid reasons for refusing? What were the values of the respective families? Those values will often significantly impact the relationship in the future. What were the communication styles in the respective families? Do they communicate? Can they express affection? These styles definitely continue into the next relationship. None are necessarily bad, though there are exceptions such as abusive communication styles. Some people refer to the different languages of love and how each person communicates and responds to love in different ways—for example one person verbally expresses love, while another expresses love in giving gifts. Such differences are worth knowing about ahead of time. Reading a good book on the subject would be good. One should also consider how the respective families resolved their differences? Families tend to develop their own ways—patterns—of resolving differences. Some don't address problems, preferring silence—which can get old over time. Some are very verbal when they are working things out, but resolved whatever is going on and forget about what was said. It has been suggested we all have two communication modes: the one we have when we are on our best behavior, and a backup mode that comes out when we feel threatened or upset, which isn't that pleasant, and

325 can be similar to what we learned growing up. You 326 should also consider the kind of respect shown to the 327 mom and to the dad. This is an important one, because 328 if the guy didn't see his mom being respected and 329 valued, he may not show respect to his spouse. The same is true for the wife relative to her respect for her 330 331 father. Challenges mentioned are not unchangeable life sentences, but they should not be minimized 332 either. In some ways you ARE marrying each other's 333 family and are bringing the relational styles of vour 334 335 respective families to the marriage. Serious issues 336 should result in serious counseling ahead of time. 337 g. How optimistic is the person? Optimism and 338 hopefulness comes more easily to some than others. 339 However, in my opinion, it is also a decision, and we 340 can develop a more optimistic frame of mind by saying "yes" and "thank you" to God more often, 341 which of course helps us develop a more confident 342 belief that He is somehow working for good in ALL 343 344 situations. 345 h. Can the respective parties make room for 346 differing opinions and different rates of spiritual 347 growth? Some individuals see every decision as a 348 "ves" or "no" kind of decision—some would use the 349 term "black and white", regardless of what others say. 350 Life isn't always so simple and appropriate open-351 mindedness can make for a happier marriage. 352 i. Minimize the wonderful things ahead of time: 353 maximize the little things. I am not negating the 354 good things that attracted you, but they tend to be 355 forgotten later and the little "We can change that 356 later" things become all important. Don't assume you can change each other AFTER the marriage. 357 358 j. Common interests are often cited as important 359 **ingredients of a happy marriage.** The more things you enjoy in common, the more things you will enjoy 360 361 doing together. The more time you spend together, the 362 closer you will feel to each other. These 363 commonalities will also help you weather relational 364 storms

> k. To what degree are former associations having to change. Friendships are voluntary and are a good

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indicator of compatibility. Having to change your friends to maintain the relationship can be an important negative indicator of compatibility since friendships are voluntary and you usually spend time with people you are compatible with.

1. A suspicious, critical, spirit is also to be watched out for—everyone struggles with this some, but

out for—everyone struggles with this some, but some people have more of a problem with this than others, and it can make for future unhappiness. Are there good reasons for the suspicions? Was this mode of thinking learned at home? Do the suspicions indicate an underlying insecurity? If it was a part of the home growing up, it may well continue into the new home. We are advised that this kind of spirit will destroy the spirituality of a church; it will also mar perhaps even destroy—the happiness of your home. Life is too short to go through life being suspicious of everyone. If you want to experiment with this, spend a week criticizing each other and being suspicious of each another. Then spend a week affirming each other. See which mode results in a sense of feeling closer. Evaluate which mode results in a greater desire to love and cherish each other.

- m. How free is communication? Are your thoughts welcomed and seriously considered, or do you find your opinions being subordinated to the other? Do you find yourself "walking on egg shells" and avoiding certain subjects? This is a major red flag since it often gets worse after marriage. Open communication is an indicator of mutual respect.
- n. Inordinate possessiveness can also be problematic. Some people feel good about themselves and can give much in the relationship, for example, desiring the other person to succeed. Others are not as confident, and therefore struggle to allow the other person to have a "healthy" degree of freedom, in fact, sometimes finding it impossible to allow any freedom. This is a serious red flag problem and I urge you to get counseling for this—if this is a serious issue, you should get out of the relationship as quickly as possible!
 - o. Are you able to study the Bible and pray together? This isn't the easiest thing to do.

410	 p. What are other people who know you both
411	saying? The heart is deceptive above all things, and
412	love can cause one to be blind. Asking the opinions of
413	others is always a good idea. Many mistakes are made
414	as a result of not seeking counsel from the godly
415	people God has placed in our lives. Ask your parents
416 417	what they think, but remember that non Christian
417	parents cannot be looked to for godly counsel in the same way Christian parents can be looked to. Ask
419	spiritually mature people what they think? Ask your
420	friends who know you? Most of all ask God. Don't
421	minimize what is said, but also make sure you let God
422	have the last word.
423	5. The courtship pathway
424	a. Elder Frazee's pathway
425	• i Does God want you to marry?
426	ii Are you prepared to be married?
427	• iii Is this the right time to be married?
428	iv Do your counselors agree?
429	v Who does God want you to marry?
430	vi Does her counselor agree?
431	• vi If her parents are believers, do they agree?
432	• vi Does she agree?
433	 vii Set up accountability!
434	b. Remember
435	i A wife is a gift from God!
436	• i Pr. 19:14 A wife is to be sought from God.
437	ii Seek to know and do God's will!
438	• (1) Choose to have no will of your own. Luke 9:23
439	• (2) Make sure every step is supported by Scripture.
440	Isa. 8:20
441	• (3) Look for God's providential Leadings. Prov.
442	3:5,6
443	• (4) Don't rush ahead of God's peace. Col. 3:16
444	• (5) Look for confirmation from Godly counselors.
445	Prov. 11:14
446	iii There is wisdom in a multitude of counselors.
447	• (1) When so much misery results from marriage,
448	why will not the youth be wise? Why will they

449 continue to feel that they do not need the counsel 450 of older and more experienced persons? {AH 451 72.1} 452 (2) If you are blessed with God-fearing parents, 453 seek counsel of them. Open to them your hopes 454 and plans: learn the lessons which their life 455 experiences have taught. {AH 73.2} 456 vi Pray 457 (1) If men and women are in the habit of praying 458 twice a day before they contemplate marriage, they 459 should pray four times a day when such a step is 460 anticipated. {AH 71.1} 461 6. Don't be afraid to break up if it isn't working out. 462 1. Even if an engagement has been entered into without 463 a full understanding of the character of the one with 464 whom you intend to unite, do not think that the engagement makes it a positive necessity for you to take 465 466 upon yourself the marriage vow and link yourself for life 467 to one whom you cannot love and respect. Be very 468 careful how you enter into conditional engagements; but 469 better, far better, break the engagement before marriage 470 than separate afterward, as many do. {AH 48.2} 471 You may say, "But I have given my promise, and shall I 472 now retract it?" I answer, If you have made a promise 473 contrary to the Scriptures, by all means retract it without 474 delay, and in humility before God repent of the 475 infatuation that led you to make so rash a pledge. Far 476 better take back such a promise, in the fear of God, than 477 keep it, and thereby dishonor your Maker. {AH 48.3} 478 479 This is only a portion of a multi-part study on relationships that was first given in Honduras. All rights retained. It was prepared by Dan 480 481 and Rose Augsburger of path2prayer ministries. You can find more 482 resources at discipleheart.com. They give seminars throughout the 483 world on prayer, revival, the more abundant life, relationships, how 484 to know God's will, and great Christians. In addition to this 485 ministry, Dan also formerly taught on the spirituality of great 486 Christians at the Andrews Theological Seminary in Berrien Springs, 487 MI. You may contact Dan and Rose at discipleheart@protonmail.com, or request to be put on their 488 489 newsletter mailing list. Dan also has an active ministry on his

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